

- Heart attack

Rare (may affect up to 1 in 1000 people)

- Increased skin sensitivity to sunlight.
- Your doctor may do blood test to check for any changes to your blood.
Do not be concerned by this list of possible side effects. You may not get any of them.

Reporting of side effects

If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor, pharmacist or nurse. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. You can also report side effects directly via the Yellow Card Scheme Website: www.mhra.gov.uk/yellowcard or search for MHRA Yellow Card in the Google Play or Apple App Store. By reporting side effects you can help provide more information on the safety of this medicine.

5. How to store this medicine

- Keep this medicine out of the sight and reach of children.
- This medicinal product does not require any special storage conditions
- Do not use this medicine after the expiry date which is stated on the label after EXP. The expiry date refers to the last day of that month.
- Do not throw away any medicines via wastewater or household waste. Ask your pharmacist how to throw away medicines you no longer use. These measures will help protect the environment.

6. Contents of the pack and other information

What this medicine contains

- The active substance is bicalutamide. Each film-coated tablet contains 50 mg of bicalutamide.

- The other ingredients are:

Tablet core: lactose monohydrate, povidone, sodium starch glycolate, magnesium stearate

Film-coating: hypromellose, titanium dioxide (E171), propylene glycol.

What this medicine looks like and contents of the pack

- These tablets are white, round, biconvex, film coated tablets.
- This medicine is available in packs 10, 14, 20, 28, 30, 40, 50, 56, 80, 84, 90, 100, 140, 200, and 280 tablets. Not all pack sizes may be marketed.

Marketing Authorisation Holder and Manufacturer

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Bicalutamide 50 mg film-coated tablets; PL 17907/0503

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To request a copy of this leaflet in Braille, large print or audio format then please contact the marketing authorisation holder at the address (or telephone, fax, email) above.

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Package leaflet: Information for the patient

Bicalutamide 50 mg film-coated tablets

Bicalutamide

Read all of this leaflet carefully before you start taking this medicine because it contains important information for you.

- Keep this leaflet. You may need to read it again.
- If you have any further questions, ask your doctor or pharmacist.
- This medicine has been prescribed for you only. Do not pass it on to others. It may harm them, even if their signs of illness are the same as yours.
- If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor or pharmacist. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. See section 4.

What is in this leaflet

1. What this medicine is and what it is used for
2. What you need to know before you take this medicine
3. How to take this medicine
4. Possible side effects
5. How to store this medicine
6. Contents of the pack and other information

1. What this medicine is and what it is used for

This medicine contains an active substance called bicalutamide, which belongs to a group of medicines called 'anti-androgens'.

Bicalutamide is used for the treatment of advanced prostate cancer. It works by blocking the effects of male hormones such as testosterone.

2. What you need to know before you take this medicine

Do not take this medicine if:

- You are allergic to bicalutamide or any of the other ingredients of this medicine (listed in Section 6);
- You are already taking a medicine called cisapride or certain anti-histamine medicines (terfenadine or astemizole);
- You are a woman.

Do not take this medicine if any of the above applies to you. If you are not sure, talk to your doctor or pharmacist before taking this medicine.

This medicine must not be given to children and adolescents.

Warnings and precautions

Talk to your doctor or pharmacist before taking this medicine if:

- You have any of the following: any heart or blood vessel conditions, including heart rhythm problems (arrhythmia), or are being treated with medicines for these conditions. The risk of heart rhythm problems may be increased when using this medicine;
- You are taking blood thinners or medicines to prevent blood clots
- You have diabetes and are already taking an 'LHRH analogue'. These include goserelin, buserelin, leuprorelin and triptorelin.

- You are taking bicalutamide, you and/or your partner should use birth control while you are taking bicalutamide and for 130 days after stopping bicalutamide. Talk to your doctor if you have any questions about birth control.

If you go into hospital, tell the medical staff that you are taking this medicine.

Other medicines and Bicalutamide

Tell your doctor or pharmacist if you are taking or have recently taken or might take any other medicines. This includes medicines obtained without a prescription and herbal medicines. This is because this medicine can affect the way other medicines work. Also some other medicines can affect the way this medicine works.

Do not take this medicine if you are already taking any of the following medicines:

- Cisapride (used for some types of indigestion).
- Certain anti-histamine medicines (terfenadine or astemizole).

Bicalutamide might interfere with some medicines used to treat heart rhythm problems (e.g. quinidine, procainamide, amiodarone and sotalol) or might increase the risk of heart rhythm problems when used with some other drugs (e.g. methadone (used for pain relief and part of drug addiction detoxification), moxifloxacin (an antibiotic), antipsychotics used for serious mental illnesses).

Also, tell your doctor or pharmacist if you are taking any of the following medicines:

- Medicines taken by mouth to prevent blood clots (oral anti-coagulants) e.g. warfarin. Blood thinners or medicines to prevent blood clots.
- Ciclosporin (to suppress your immune system).
- Calcium channel blockers (to treat high blood pressure or some heart conditions).

- Cimetidine (for stomach problems).
- Ketoconazole (to treat infections caused by a fungus).

Pregnancy, Breast-feeding and fertility

If you are pregnant or breast-feeding, think you may be pregnant or are planning to have a baby, ask your doctor or pharmacist for advice before taking any medicine. Bicalutamide is contraindicated in females and must not be given to pregnant women or nursing mothers. The male fertility may be temporarily reduced due to treatment with bicalutamide, even with temporary infertility.

Driving and using machines

- This medicine is not likely to affect your ability to drive or use any tools or machines.
- However, if you feel sleepy take care with these activities.

This medicine contains lactose

Lactose is a type of sugar.

If you have been told by your doctor that you have an intolerance to some sugars, contact your doctor before taking this medicinal product.

Information on sodium content

This medicine contains less than 1 mmol sodium (23 mg) per tablet, that is to say essentially 'sodium free'.

3. How to take this medicine

Always take this medicine exactly as your doctor has told you. Check with your doctor or pharmacist if you are not sure.

- The recommended dose for an adult is one tablet each day.
- Swallow the tablet whole with a drink of water.
- Try to take your tablet at the same time each day.
- Do not stop taking this medicine even if you feel well, unless your doctor tells you to.

If you take more of this medicine than you should

If you take more of this medicine than prescribed by your doctor, talk to a doctor or go to a hospital straight away.

If you forget to take this medicine

- If you forget to take a dose, skip the missed dose and take the next dose as usual.
- Do not take a double dose to make up for the forgotten dose.

If you stop taking this medicine

- Do not stop taking your tablets, even if you feel well unless your doctor tells you to.

If you have any further questions on the use of this medicine, ask your doctor, pharmacist or nurse.

4. Possible side effects

Like all medicines, this medicine can cause side effects although not everybody gets them.

Allergic reactions (uncommon, may affect up to 1 in 100 people): The symptoms can include sudden onset of:

- Rash, itching or hives on the skin.
- Swelling of the face, lips, tongue, throat or other parts of the body.
- Shortness of breath, wheezing or trouble breathing.

If this happens to you, **see a doctor straight away.**

Also tell your doctor straight away if you notice any of the following:

Very common (affects more than 1 in 10 people):

- Pain in your abdomen
- Blood in your urine.

Common (may affect up to 1 in 10 people)

- Yellowing of the skin or whites of your eyes

(jaundice). These may be signs of liver problems or in rare cases (may affect up to 1 in 1,000 people) liver failure.

Uncommon (may affect up to 1 in 100 people)

- Serious shortness of breath or shortness of breath which suddenly gets worse. This may be with a cough or high temperature (fever). These may be signs of an inflammation of the lungs called 'interstitial lung disease'.

Not known (frequency cannot be estimated from the available data):

- Changes in ECG (QT prolongation).

Other possible side effects:

Very common (may affect up to 1 in 10 people)

- Dizziness.
- Constipation.
- Feeling sick (nausea).
- Swelling and tenderness of your breasts.
- Hot flushes.
- Feeling weak.
- Swelling.
- Low levels of red blood cells (anaemia). This may make you feel tired or look pale.

Common (may affect up to 1 in 10 people)

- Loss of appetite.
- Reduced sex drive.
- Depression.
- Feeling sleepy.
- Indigestion.
- Wind (flatulence).
- Hair loss.
- Hair re-growth or growth of extra hair.
- Dry skin.
- Itching.
- Skin rash.
- Being unable to get an erection (impotence).
- Weight gain.
- Chest pain.
- Reduced heart function